

# THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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## NO BATTLE YET.

The Bloody Indian War May Be Avoided.

### STARTLING RUMOR DENIED

Most of the Ute Indians Come Into the Agency. The Dance Still Goes On and Extending to Various Other Tribes—Latest From the Frontier.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—(Gen. Miles was seen last night with reference to the dispatches from Missoula, Mont., stating that a battle had occurred between the United States troops and northern Cheyenne Indians near Fort Keogh.

"I have not had any official advice concerning this reported conflict," said the general, "and in the absence of official information I am not inclined to believe the story. Gen. Miles has received a telegram from Gen. Brooke in which he says: 'The Indian chief Little Wound, came into Pine Ridge agency yesterday, and every hour seems to lessen the strength of the disaffected Indians. Short Bull, of the Rosebud agency has also come into the agency and his people, about 500 lodges numbering nearly 2,500 Indians are reported as also coming toward the agency. I consider Short Bull one of the worst and most treacherous chiefs in the northwest. I have now a strong command and am ready for summary action at a moment's notice.'

A letter was received by Gen. Miles from Judge E. C. Rice, of Mandan, saying: "I desire to address the head of the government in regard to the danger we are in here from the Indians. The government sends out men to investigate; they see no Indians, and go away thinking there is no danger, while old Indian scouts and men who have lived among the Indians and can talk with them, say there is danger. In behalf of the people and myself, we ask that something be done, that troops may be sent in sufficient numbers to protect us until this craze has passed away."

Gen. Miles will leave for Washington to-day to be absent no longer than three or four days.

Navajo Indians Not in It.

DENVER, Nov. 28.—A Durango special says: "A band of Navajo Indians were here yesterday from their reservation in the southern part of the state. While they say they are not in it they show from their actions they are greatly excited over the reports from Dakota, and it will take but little to induce them to join the Sioux. They would talk but little, and claim to have some communication with the north. Their theory is that the Messiah over whom the Pine Ridge and Rosebud agencies is so excited is none other than Isidore Cohen, who was known throughout southern Colorado as 'Nosey' Cohen, a leader well acquainted with their tongues and customs. Many of the southern Ute talk of the craze with little interest, and seem to wish that all reports were true that the great spirit would come to them, as to the Sioux, and restore the old day of that arrows and game."

Buff 1. Bull to the Rescue.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 28.—A Bismarck, N. Dak., special to The Tribune says: Buffalo Bill arrived yesterday afternoon accompanied by his old pard, Frank Powell, known as "White Beaver," and Hashan, known as "Pony Bob," who once rode six miles in eight hours and ten minutes. Special conveyances with ten minutes were engaged to take the trio to Standing Rock agency. Buffalo Bill has a commission from Gen. Miles which is believed to be the most important of any issued since Sitting Bull's surrender. The party will go direct to Sitting Bull's camp on the Grand river. It will be remembered that Sitting Bull did not come in on Saturday, regular ration day, but sent word to Agent McLaughlin that his child was sick. It is believed that Buffalo Bill is sent out to get at the bottom of the Messiah craze with almost unlimited authority to act. This is Buffalo Bill's first visit to this section since the Custer massacre.

Thought to Be a Canard.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 28.—At the headquarters of the department of Dakota, no news of the reported battle with Indians near Fort Keogh has been received here, and it is not thought that there is any truth in the report. Lieut. Woodruff stated to the United Press reporter that the Cheyenne Indians near Fort Keogh are as friendly and have asked permission to fight against the Sioux in case the latter should go on the warpath. Most of the Cheyenne Indians in the neighborhood of Fort Keogh have been enlisted in the service of the government. Lieut. Woodruff says if there had been a battle yesterday the department here would have been advised of it before this time.

No Outbreak Feared.

PINE RIDGE, S. Dak., Nov. 28.—Unless the Indians are frightened or driven into a fight during the next week there is every probability that the Indian troubles on Pine Ridge agency will be settled without difficulty. The authorities are confident about their plans, but there can be little doubt that an effort will be made to disarm the Pine Ridge Indians and not the whole Sioux nation. This effort will include Pine Ridge, Rosebud, Cheyenne river and Standing Rock. In connection with this Red Cloud, No Water, Jack Red Cloud and Big Road are in some danger of arrest.

Dance Craze Spreading.

WICHITA, Kan., Nov. 28.—The excitement over the Messiah craze and the ghost dances among the Arapahos, Cheyennes, Arapahos and Kiowas are all greatly excited and dancing more earnestly than ever before. Chief Quanaah, of the Arapahos, converted Wednesday night, and his influence reaches out beyond his own people.

Some of the Indians are cutting their flesh and showing an increase of warlike spirit. Some of the more enthusiastic reached the vicinity of St. Reno yesterday and rode around in a warlike manner.

White Mountain Indians Growing Restless. Tucson, Ariz., Nov. 27.—Authentic rumors have reached this city that the Indians of the White Mountain reservation are growing restless and officers of the agency are apprehensive. Medicine men are endeavoring to work up excitement by starting religious dances. Recently Lieut. Johnson arrested a few of the most turbulent ones. The informant believes emissaries from the Sioux are endeavoring to foment trouble.

### WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

Some Interesting Items Gathered at the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Speaker Reed was at the Capitol for a short time yesterday. He dropped in on the members of the appropriations committee who were working on the pension question, incidentally of Chairman Cannon about the order for the disposal of the several appropriation bills.

Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, who is a candidate for the speakership of the next house, arrived in the city Wednesday morning and was at the Capitol for a short time. He told a United Press reporter that he thought the Republicans would not modify the McKinley tariff law in any degree. "The same motives and influences that actuated them in passing the tariff bill are alive and at work," said Mr. McMillin. "The sentiment among the Republicans in favor of the law is too strong to be overcome." Mr. McMillin said that he had not made any preparations for beginning his fight for the speakership.

Postmaster of the House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Three candidates for the vacant office of postmaster of the house have appeared in the field. It will be remembered that on the last day of the first session of the present Congress the house removed its postmaster, Capt. Wheat, of Wisconsin. A resolution was introduced giving the office to another Wisconsin man, but this was withdrawn and the house adjourned, leaving the office vacant. The candidates for the office are Samuel Homer, of Massachusetts; J. A. Ralph, of Illinois; and Charles E. Gray, of Missouri. The assistant postmaster of the house, and his backer is Congressman Greenhalge. Mr. Ralph is endorsed by Congressman Hill. Mr. Gray is a well known Washington newspaper man, and he has many friends among the members of the house. A Republican caucus will be held next week to select the postmaster.

The Democrats Will Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—It is understood that arrangements have been made for a Democratic caucus, probably a joint caucus, as soon as the Democrats here. It will be held probably on Monday or Tuesday night. The purpose is to consider the program of the minority for the session. They will doubtless decide to hold out as long as possible against the Federal election bill and the appointment bill, if one of a partisan character is proposed.

Assistant Postmaster Dismissed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—By direction of Postmaster General Wanamaker, Chief Postoffice Inspector Rathbone, has directed the postmaster of Austin, Tex., by telegram to dismiss immediately H. B. Kinney, the assistant postmaster at that place. Kinney destroyed certain evidence in his possession after it had been demanded of him by a postoffice inspector who wanted to use it in prosecuting a case arising under the anti-lottery law.

The Next Message.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The Star says it is said, on what appears to be good authority, that the president's vigorous message will be confined to an appeal to the Republicans to stand by their guns on the tariff, to pass an appropriation and a Federal election bill, to promote our trade with the southern nations by the passage of the steamship subsidy bill, and to avoid further silver legislation during this congress.

WHAT THE SILVER MEN INTEND.

They Will Make Another Effort to Secure Free Coinage at the Coming Session.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The silver question promises to be a prominent one at the coming short session of congress if the leading silver men can make it so. They propose to press for legislation at once, and their plans are elaborate enough to cover a first, second and third possibility.

Their first demand will be for free coinage without limit or hindrance excepting the supply of metal. The alternative is a compromise on free coinage limited to the home of production until France and Germany buy American silver, and the third and last request will be for the coinage of about \$20,000,000 to make up for the retirement of National bank notes during the past year. This program is certain to fail in respect to the first demand. No matter what congress may do the president has never hesitated to express his opposition to free coinage that will not be protected by an international agreement to insure the United States against the loss of its gold by the substitution of unlimited silver.

As to the second and third propositions it is safe to say that the silver question, if tried at all during the coming session, will be made an issue between free coinage and no more silver legislation, with all the indications pointing to a postponement of advanced action until the next congress, when free coinage sentiment will have a more powerful protection.

## WILL HE STEP OUT?

That is the Question of the Irish Liberals.

### REFERRING TO THEIR LEADER.

No Hope for the Nationalist Party Unless Parnell Withdraws From the Leadership—Advice From Mr. Labouchere and Michael Davitt—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Numerous Scotch and English Liberal societies have adopted resolutions condemning Mr. Parnell, and declaring that they will not consent to any further political co-operation with him. It is expected that Mr. Parnell will announce his final determination in regard to retaining the leadership as soon as he hears from Mr. O'Brien in response to the cable inquiry for his advice.

Mr. Labouchere writes Mr. Parnell urging him to withdraw, and says his leadership means another six years of Balfour and coercion, while his withdrawal means a parliament at Dublin within two years at the latest.

Mr. Michael Davitt's paper, The Labor World in its issue of to-morrow will publish an appeal to the Irish race at home and abroad in which Mr. Davitt implores them to arise and show themselves equal to the present emergency. He says there is no hope if Parnell remains as the leader of the Nationalist party. He declares that the Irish party contains more than one man capable of leading it to victory and that there is sufficient patriotism therein to follow a leader chosen from its own ranks by a majority of its members. Nevertheless, Mr. Davitt asserts, that whatever decision is taken at the Monday's adjourned meeting of the Nationalists, the Irish cause is imperishable. He requests his countrymen to pray God that wisdom and courage will guide those upon whom Ireland's hopes are centered.

Berlin Full of Consumptives.

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—There is considerable distress among the patients who have flocked to this city in the hope of being cured by Dr. Koch's new method. Most of these unfortunates are very poor, and many of them have spent their last penny in this desperate attempt to secure a renewed lease of life. Putatively enough, too, most of those who come to Berlin at such cost and risk are consumptives, though in every newspaper of Europe and America that the Koch process is of very doubtful efficacy in the treatment of tuberculosis of the lungs, if the disease has obtained a secure foothold.

Further Fighting Feared.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The government at Lisbon is much perplexed over the information that 2,500 Portuguese residents, who have volunteered in Rio Janeiro to fight for Portugal, in the event of war with England, are soon to arrive in Lisbon. It is feared that their arrival will rekindle popular excitement and increase the bitterness of the feeling against the English, which the government has been in every way endeavoring to assuage.

Happy Belgians.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 28.—The Belgian premier has introduced a bill extending the franchise. This action is a complete surprise. The Radicals, who highly elated. The workingmen who had threatened to strike in order to enlarge their demand for universal suffrage, have decided to remain at work. There is great rejoicing in Brussels and the other large cities, the streets being crowded with people celebrating the important event.

Protest Against Free Trade.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—A Vienna dispatch says that a strong protest has been presented, signed by all manufacturers in textile fabrics, glass, iron and paper, against free trade with Germany, which the manufacturers claim would be utterly ruinous. Germany having already supplanted Austrian trade in Greece, Roumania and Serbia.

To Prevent Strikes.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—From Melbourne comes the news that all the Australian colonies have agreed to a conference, as suggested by Premier Munro, of Victoria, to prevent the recurrence of strikes. The families of the leading strikers, who have been unable to obtain work are supported by contributions from England.

No Panic in Brazil.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Later advices from Buenos Ayres represent that the rise in gold is largely artificial, and based upon the manipulations of speculators. President Pellegrini has declared that the credit of the government will be maintained at any cost, and the circulation of the reports will be punished.

Perished from Cold.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Advices received at Vienna of the disasters in Bavaria show that twenty persons are known to have perished from cold and starvation in the Saale valley alone.

Severe Gales in Norway.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Terrific gales are raging on the northwest coast of Norway. Forty-six fishermen have been drowned by the wrecking of their vessels.

Destroyed Dry Goods.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 28.—A fire which started in the Powers Dry Goods company's building at the corner of Fourth and Fifth streets yesterday afternoon caused \$100,000 damage to that firm before it was extinguished. The loss is fully covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

## THE BUDENSIECK HORROR.

It Came Very Near Being Repeated on Wright Street in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—The large five story brick building in process of erection at 81 and 83 Wright street, belonging to Alderman Martin, began settling yesterday in ruins. Shortly after 11 o'clock a part of the east wall came down, demolishing No. 83 Wright street, a two story frame occupied by Benjamin Sheehan. At 10 o'clock last night the remaining walls toppled and fell on the adjoining buildings, completely demolishing them.

No. 83 was a two-story and basement frame house owned by Thomas Stobos. Several families lived here, in all twenty people, twelve of whom were children. Mrs. Michael Dufalek owned and occupied No. 81, and barely escaped with her five children as the walls of the big structure crashed her home beneath their weight.

These three houses were completely ground to pieces, and not a vestige of the could be seen in the great mass of ruins.

A brick cottage owned by a man named Graber, at 70 Wright street, had the roof demolished and a two story frame house at 71 was badly shattered.

A cottage on Barber street, in the rear of the falling building, was completely demolished. In addition to the total destruction of the dwellings mentioned, the piles of debris caught fire from an overturned stove. It required two hours' hard work before the firemen succeeded in extinguishing the flames. All the occupants of the demolished buildings escaped uninjured.

The homeless families were cared for by neighbors. Not one of them saved a dollar from the wreck, and the aggregate loss is estimated at \$35,000, added to which is the cost of the Martin building wreck, which will swell the figures to \$55,000.

### STRANGE INFATUATION.

A Sunday School Teacher in New York City Marries a Chinaman.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Miss Lillian Roundey, of 27 Rutgers street, was married yesterday afternoon in the Calvary Baptist church in West Fifty-Seventh street, to Young Shing, a Chinaman, who has been in her Sunday school class. Only a few intimate friends of the bride and groom witnessed the ceremony. Although there has been considerable gossip about Miss Roundey's friend for the Chinaman, her friends were very much surprised when she announced a short time ago that she intended to marry Mr. Shing. Every precaution was taken to keep the marriage quiet.

Miss Roundey is not yet 40 years old. She is tall and very slight, her hair is brown, and she wears eye glasses. She has been greatly interested in the work of foreign missions. She also taught a Chinese class at the Mariners' Temple in Oliver street. Miss Roundey is said to have some money, and she was able to devote a good deal of time to missionary work among the local heathen.

### DEATH IN NEW ORLEANS.

Two Suicides and a Death in a Hospital From a Bullet Wound.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 28.—Ullen McCale, 72 years old, hanged himself yesterday morning to a willow tree with a grape vine.

Leonard Bradley, a colored man, died at the hospital yesterday from a wound received last Saturday on Perkins plantation. Assumption parish. Bradley had two married wives, one on the plantation and the other at Birmingham, Ala. He threatened to murder Clara, the wife living on the plantation, and was ordered off the plantation by Overseer Rousseau, on his refusing to leave Rousseau shot him.

An unknown woman about 45 years old, dressed in black, jumped in the river yesterday. When taken out she was unconscious and expired on the way to the hospital.

### Farmers' Alliance Platform.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 28.—Resolutions passed by the State Farmers' Alliance demand a revision of the tax laws in the interest of equality; free coinage of silver; declare against all kinds of trusts and combinations; against the holding of large tracts of land by foreign owners; demand a secret ballot and a constitutional convention to secure the same; demand equal and exact justice to all; the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people; and favor co-operation with industrial classes to secure needed reforms.

### Championship Foot Ball.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The championship foot ball game between Princeton and Yale which was contested on the Eastern park grounds yesterday, was won by Yale by a score of 32 to 6. The game was witnessed by 25,000 persons, who manifested the greatest enthusiasm in every conceivable manner. The crowd came from every part of New York state, from the interior of many surrounding states, and from all over the United States.

### Fight Between Cowboys and Mexicans.

DENVER, Nov. 28.—A Las Vegas special says the fight at Antonio Chico Monday night between cowboys and Mexicans resulted in but one death. Bill Devine, a cowboy from Salado, being shot and instantly killed by two of the Mexicans. The fight arose through the refusal of the Americans to allow the Mexicans to drink in a saloon in which the cowboys had congregated.

### Eric Troubles Settled.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The trouble between the Erie railroad company and its employees has been satisfactorily settled. A committee representing the firemen had a conference with General Manager Thomas, and a settlement was made with them. The same basis as that made with the engineers and train men. Evidently interested seems to be satisfied with the result.

## OHIO STATE NEWS.

Items Gathered Especially For Buckeye Readers.

### NEW SCHEME OF SWINDLING

The Two Managers of the Granite State Provident Association, of Cleveland Ship Out With Nearly Fifteen Thousand Dollars—Other Happenings in the State.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 28.—Two well dressed strangers some months ago established a branch of the so-called Granite State Provident association, in the Blackstone building, and were soon doing a big business. Their scheme was that each member should pay \$5 a month for the first six months and \$10 a month thereafter until \$100 was paid in. When he or she would be entitled to draw \$1,000, nothing to be paid to any body until after six months.

In the case of a considerable number who first went into the scheme this period has just expired and some of them demanded the money. They were put on one excuse or another until Wednesday. When they came to demand their money Wednesday they found the place closed up. Later in the day the books in the office were seized and collections aggregating nearly \$15,000 all of which is a dead loss to the investors.

### Smith and Popp Rescued.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 28.—Late yesterday afternoon Governor Campbell rescued Henry Popp and Isaac Smith, who were sentenced to hang in the penitentiary annex last night, until Dec. 19. Popp was resented once before when he was within three hours of the time of his execution. He admits his guilt, but extenuating circumstances which surround his crime will probably secure for him commutation to life imprisonment.

Smith has now been respited seven times. His conviction was secured upon circumstantial evidence and he has always protested his innocence. It is now claimed that new evidence has been discovered which will establish his innocence and fix the crime upon another man.

### Prisoner Pardoned.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 28.—Governor Campbell has issued a conditional pardon to Cornelius H. Hetherington, a life prisoner in the penitentiary, who was convicted of murder in the second degree at the January term of court of Clark county, in 1873.

### UNRAVELING THE MYSTERY.

The Motive for the Killing of Campan, at Fostoria, Discovered.

FOSTORIA, O., Nov. 28.—No trace has been found of Morvin Kuhns, the murderer of W. L. Campan here, one week ago Sunday night. There is not the slightest doubt that Kuhns is the murderer and he is one of the most desperate of the age, and second only to Jesse James.

When Campan was discovered as the partner of P. H. Huns in horse trading and horse stealing, the latter was compelled to come to Fostoria, ostensibly to identify the numbered man, and at the same time to endeavor to throw off the web of circumstantial evidence that was closing about his own head. He came, and very soon found that he had made matters infinitely worse for himself, and his only salvation was in immediate flight.

He made one plunge over the high fence and was lost as completely as though he had been swallowed up by the earth. Not the slightest trace of him has been found. It now transpires that the real motive of the murder was not so much robbery as to get Campan out of the way, reasoning that dead men tell no tales. Campan in his escapades with Kuhns had learned what a desperate character the latter was.

Kuhns and Campan at one time had a quarrel and Campan gave a detective a tip as to the former's haunts, which led to his arrest, but he succeeded in getting away, and he swore he would kill Campan for having given the officers the cue.

Afterward they met again and Kuhns for the time being decided to postpone the execution of his threat. They stole horses together and disposed of them to the lively man at Prospect.

After their campaign was over and the money divided Campan signified his intention of going back to Michigan. Then Kuhns decided to get him out of the way. With devilish cunning he came to Fostoria after night with Campan, where neither had ever been seen. Inured him to the outskirts of town, shot him dead, rifled his pockets of everything he had on him, and before the public knew a crime had been committed.

Kuhns is the terror of Noble county, Ind., where his father lives, and has been for years. A standing reward of \$500 has been offered for his capture, but no one has cared to risk life to capture him, notwithstanding his home is only four miles from Albion, As a result of the divided campaign he has been in the office here, it is thought by many that he is still hiding in this locality. Others insist that he is now hundreds of miles away.

### Prospects of a Free Fight.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 28.—Jack Fitzpatrick, a Canadian pugilist, and pugilist of Canada, has written Patsy Sharp, of Boston, accepting his challenge to fight George Dixon, and will start for Boston as soon as the match is made.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

### LOSSES BY FIRE.

Several Thousand Gasoline Stoves Destroyed at Mansfield, O.—Other Fires.

MANSFIELD, O., Nov. 28.—Yesterday evening shortly after 7 o'clock a fire broke out in the mounting room and the third floor of the ware house of the Carter stove works and completely gutted that structure. Several thousand gasoline stoves and base-burners and a quantity of patterns were destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$20,000, fully insured.

It was only through the heroic work of the fire department that the whole works were not destroyed, which would have caused a loss of over \$150,000. The firm employs 300 men. William Bell, a fireman, was fatally injured by falling from the roof of the building.

### Steamboat Burned.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 28.—The steamboat T. P. Leathers, bound from Lake Port, Miss., for New Orleans, was destroyed by fire at her dock near Port Adams. The boat and cargo are a total loss. The chamberlain and four rowboats, all covered, were lost. The T. P. Leathers was a stern wheel boat, built in 1885, valued at \$30,000, and insured for \$20,000. She had a cargo of 2,800 bales of cotton and other freight. The cotton was insured.

### At Bayville, La.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 28.—Fire started in the warehouse of Charles Tiche, at Bayville, La., yesterday, and burned nearly all of the main business block of the town north of the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific railroad. The loss is estimated at \$45,000; insurance \$30,000.

### Carriage Works Destroyed.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 28.—The carriage works of George M. Brown & Company, together with several dwellings in the village of Chaville, were totally destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. Loss \$20,000; partly covered by insurance.

### Cotton Factory Burned.

NEW IBERIA, La., Nov. 28.—Fire last night destroyed Callahan & Lewis' cotton factory and the residences of J. W. Callahan and G. Leblanc. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$10,000.

### Planting Mill Burned.

HENNINGTON, Pa., Nov. 28.—Fire destroyed the entire plant of the Cottage planing mill, here, together with 50,000 feet of lumber and 1,000 finished doors. Loss \$40,000; insurance \$12,000.

### PROSPERITY CHECKED.

Corning, New York, Undergoing a Little Panic of Its Own.

HORNKILLSVILLE, N. Y., Nov. 28.—The little city of Corning is undergoing its first panic, and it bids fair to be a crusher to its present prosperity. The panic began last week when F. H. Alpert and Company were forced to close the strong-tight men in town.

First, on Monday morning, the large grocery house of Welton Warner, on East Market street, was closed, his liabilities greatly exceeding his assets, but it is thought that the business may be saved at fifty cents on the dollar.

Wednesday morning found two more houses closed—the Long Kong Tea company, a local concern which did a heavy business, and B. E. Cowley, a grocer, who failed for a comparatively small amount.

The utmost excitement prevails and other failures are expected. Two of the largest firms are badly pinched, and in case either goes under it will be followed by the other and a host of smaller houses.

### FOUR PEOPLE KILLED.

Poles, Italians, Indians and Negroes Indulge in Labor Riot.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 28.—Joseph Dynski and William Zwinski, who left here three weeks ago with twenty-five other laborers for the Aspley River phosphate company's guano deposits, near Charleston, S. C., have returned and tell of a riot which occurred there a week ago yesterday, in which Emil Klein and three Poles, who were in his gang were killed. Klein, who was a saloon keeper of this city, was in charge of the seventy-five men and promised them good wages.

The Poles, Italians, Indians and negroes, who are the only inhabitants of these guano deposits, excepting the white bosses, became dissatisfied with their pay, which was much less than had been promised, and demanded better treatment. Klein tried to quiet the laborers, but was unsuccessful. The negroes then opened fire on Klein and some other whites. Klein fell, but was not killed. He was shot dead. Dynski says that three other men were killed in the melee.

### Cold Weather in New York.

SARASOTA, Fla., Nov. 28.—The thermometer here is like above at 41. The cold weather here this morning. This is the coldest weather yet in this fall. The water in the lakes is frozen up and all travel on the lakes is covered with ice. In the mountains two inches of snow covers the ground.

### CELEBRATION SUDDENLY STOPPED.

Several People Injured by the Breaking Down of a Tally Ho.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 28.—The foot ball game yesterday afternoon between the Butler eleven and the Purdue university team for the state championship, was won by the Butler team. They celebrated their victory last night by driving through the city in tall ho coaches carrying thirty persons. While crossing the street railroad tracks the king bolt of the vehicle broke, precipitating the occupants to the ground, fatally injuring one and seriously injuring a number of others.

The following is a list of the injured: Geo. G. Linkenfer, injured internally, will probably die. Robert Hall, shoulder crushed and hurt internally. E. W. Bray, badly bruised and injured internally.

Theodore Layman, both legs broken and injured internally.

Charles Peck, back injured.

W. Newcomb, badly cut about the head.

Sent on a Cowcatcher.

LAWSON, Mo., Nov. 28.—A carriage, containing Charles Lisherness, his wife and child, was struck by the night train from Bath, near Crowley, yesterday evening. The engine scooped the seat from the carriage, and when the train was stopped the three were found sitting on the cowcatcher. Mr. Lisherness struck the boiler and was badly injured, but the others were uninjured.

### Five People Drowned.

ASHLAND, Wis., Nov. 28.—Word was received here last night that Ed. Herbert, a well known lumbering sailor, of Bayfield, with four Swedish wives whose names are unknown, started from Bayfield Monday night in a small boat to go to Washburn. Tuesday the boat was picked up by the tug, Hunter of Onan river, and as nothing has been heard from the men it is supposed they were drowned.

### A Witness Poisoned.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Nov. 28.—Another tragedy in the notorious McFee-West land claim affair has occurred. May Bailey, a witness in the case, was to have testified Wednesday, but on Tuesday night she died in great agony from the effects of arsenic poisoning. McPeck is suspected and it is likely that he will be lynched.

### Grand Stand Falls.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 28.—Shortly before noon yesterday one of the stands erected for the accommodation of spectators at the Yale-Princeton football match at Eastern park fell. The stand was filled with people at the time. No one was killed, which was nothing more than a miracle, with four Swedish wives who were seriously



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## Under a Marsh.

A fine discovery was recently made in the town of Ontario, where a company is engaged in digging phosphates from the depths of a swamp. In one place the marsh is underlain at the depth of twelve feet by an impervious stratum of blue clay, above which are found three successive and distinct layers of forest growth. The bottom layer is of deciduous trees that grow only on uplands, such as beech, oak and maple. The second layer is of soft swamp woods, such as elder, basswood and dogwood.

The upper layer is of coniferous trees, such as pine, hemlock and spruce. The puzzle to the naturalist is the finding of upland trees at the bottom of the marsh, with the trunks and larger limbs and abundant specimens of leaves and beech-nuts in a good state of preservation. Another wonder unexplained by the excavations is the finding, at a point five feet below the surface and among the trunks of the coniferous trees, of a flat stone about five feet square which had been utilized as a fireplace.

The blackened stone, the large collection of ashes and cinders, and the bits of crumbling bones of animals indicate that long ago somebody cooked food there. That somebody must have been man in the strictly primitive and savage state, for no trace of any utensil or tool, not even a sharpened flint, has been found among the debris of the fire.—Albany Journal.

## America the Hourne of the Emigrant.

The degree to which America offers prominent advantages to the emigrant is just now shown strikingly by the existing conditions in Iceland. It is said that that country is gradually becoming depopulated owing to the constant emigration of its people to the shores of Canada and the United States. These emigrants send back such favorable accounts of their new home that others quickly follow. It is estimated that 20,000 natives, nearly one-quarter of the whole population, have left the country in the last year. The emigrants are said to be chiefly from the northern and eastern districts, where labor is carried on only under great difficulties, besides which recent harvests have been very bad and have entailed much suffering.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

## A Frog Child.

A child was born in Birmingham, England, on Sept. 20, which bears a strong resemblance to a frog. Its skin is warty and cold and clammy to the touch; when it cries it makes an unearthly croaking noise. There are three fingers on each hand and four toes on each foot. Besides the points enumerated it has many other characteristics of a frog, even to huge, knobby looking, lidless eyes. The parents are almost distracted over the occurrence and hourly pray for it to die.

There are two other "frog child" cases on record, one the offspring of a Puget squaw in Nevada, which was born about ten years since, the other a monstrosity which first saw the light of day at Goshen, Ind., in January, 1889.—St. Louis Republic.

## The Age of Indian Outbreaks Is Past.

There is not the smallest danger of a serious Indian outbreak in the northwest. The conditions existing in this region have been entirely changed by the building of railroads and the establishment of means of rapid communication among points. It is quite impossible to organize an Indian outbreak under the eye of the agent on reservations without the conspiracy becoming known. With existing means of communication and transit an outbreak could be crushed in its incipency by a rapid concentration of troops. There are elements which might once have been dangerous in the situation at Standing Rock—a heaven sent prophet and a meddling woman—but the age of Indian outbreaks is past. Portland Oregonian.

## Dead in the Saddle.

A special from Payson, U. T., says John Bolton accidentally killed himself while going horseback from Payson to Salem. In the middle of the forenoon he left town to visit his sister in Salem, taking with him a double-barreled shotgun, with which he shot himself. He was found on horseback with half the right side of his head blown off. He was sitting in the saddle leaning his head over the horse's neck. Apparently the horse had not moved since the gun exploded. It is believed that he had been dead in the saddle two hours.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Three little boxes of chocolate, each weighing five pounds, were sold by auction in London recently at the extraordinary price of \$7.50 per pound. It was a very rare variety known as "chocolate golden tipped peck." The box was small, but it was filled with a chocolate.

Wade Wilford, colored, thrashed a school teacher in Pasquotank county, N. C., in anti-slavery days, and had to skip out. He settled at Selah, Mo., later, and having since got rich is now on a visit to his old home to buy the plantation on which he worked as a slave.

A new material called rubber velvet is made by sprinkling powdered velvet of any color over rubber cloth while the latter is hot and soft. The result looks like felt cloth, but is elastic, waterproof and exceedingly light.

Keep the back, especially between the shoulder blades, well covered; also the chest well protected. In sleeping in a cold room establish the habit of breathing the nose, and never with the mouth open.

## THE GHOSTLY SHOP.

There are various periods of the world's history in which the dead have been seen about the living. In the middle ages, for example, the dead were seen in the streets and in the houses of the living.

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## YOUNG FOLKS COLUMN.

INSTRUCTIVE ENTERTAINMENT FOR GIRLS AND BOY READERS.

The Birds' Thanksgiving Dinner as Provided by Two Little Girls with Excellent Intentions, but Poor Ideas of a Menu for the Feathered Tribe.

Mamma was reading to Alice and Nellie about the custom of children in other lands, and how they often fed the birds at Christmas time.

"I'll tell you what we will do, Alice," said Nellie, who was a very good girl, "we will make a Thanksgiving dinner for the birds."

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## ANIMAL REMEDIES.

Ammonia is extracted from the manure of animals.

Ordinary potato bugs, dried and powdered, are useful for raising blisters.

A true insect of Mexico, the lac, dried and powdered, serves as an admirable antiseptic in cases of dysentery.

Real hartshorn, made from stage horns, is a good remedy for rheumatism.

Boiled water, made from a boiled egg, is a good remedy for rheumatism.

The cochineal insect is mostly known for its use as a dye, but it has also an additional value for relieving neuralgic pains, and for checking the spasms of whooping cough.

Powdered cockroaches contain an active principle called "anti-hydrin," which is most effective in the stimulation of the kidney, and serves as a check to the complaint mentioned.

Mask, derived from two little screws on the belly of the musk deer, is regarded as a most important remedy for various troubles. It would be more used were it not that it is so costly.

The digestive fluid of the pig, known as "pepsin," is valuable for indigestion or dyspepsia. For the same purpose the fluid is scraped from the inside of the gizzards of barn yard fowls and sold.

A green insect called the "Spanish fly," reduced to a powder, is applied most effectively as a blister inflaming the skin through the operation of an active principle which the powder contains, called "cantharidin."

Leeches are caught for market in swampy places, mostly with rakes. Sometimes animals are driven into shallow waters, and are then taken out by the leeches, which are then taken out by the leeches, which are then taken out by the leeches.

Crabs' eyes are employed to some extent as a remedy for acid stomachs. They are not actually the eyes of the crab, but simply small concretions of lime found in the stomachs of crabs at the time when they are about to cast their shell and make new ones.

Isinglass is simply the swimming bladder of fishes, by the expansion and contraction of which they change their specific gravity and rise or sink at will. They are simply split and dried, having the interior membrane taken out. They are readily dissolved and are most valuable as a constituent of many preparations useful to invalids.

Mrs. Leese, the Kansas prohibition orator, weighs 250 pounds.

Mrs. Amira, of Pomona, Cal., has a geranium bush that is thirty feet high.

Laura Jean Libby, the Brooklyn author, in the last five years has made \$40,000.

Miss Frances E. Willard is credited with the ambition to be elected a bishop of the Methodist church.

Dr. Catherine Northrop is one of the prettiest of Philadelphia's now numerous young lady physicians.

Mrs. Harrison has given notice that hereafter no visitor to the White House is to be admitted to the red parlor.

Blanche Willis Howard, now the wife of Dr. Tufel, of Stuttgart, is said to have a different finger ring for every day in the year.

Mrs. Mary B. Morgan, who has served as county superintendent of schools in Nebraska, is also the editor of a newspaper published at Alama.

The beautiful London house in which Whistler painted a peacock room now owns its mistress the Mrs. Leyland, who was Miss Jennie Chamberlain.

Carmenita, the Spanish dancer, will be consigned to immortality by two portraits, that of John S. Sargent painted in Paris, and that which William M. Chase is to paint in New York.

Georgina, Dowager Baroness de Ros, of London, who is 95 years old, danced at the ball given at Brussels on the eve of the battle of Waterloo. She was a daughter of the Duke of Richmond, who gave the ball.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher recently attended an opera side held at the residence of Rev. S. B. Halliday, Brooklyn. The affair was under the auspices of the King's Daughters, for the benefit of the Beecher Memorial church.

Commiss Elizabeth Koentzsmarch, said to be the handsomest woman in Germany, was recently visited in a novel dress of white, the color of her husband's regiment. The bride-maid also wore gowns of similar and white.

Miss Whitman, a missionary attached to the China Inland mission, is only awaiting an auspicious opportunity to attempt a feat which no Englishman has accomplished in the last half century, that of entering the dominions of the Grand Lama.

One of the early religious books published bore the title, "The Stuffers of Divine Love."

In the Seventeenth century a quaint title given to a book was "High Heeled Shoes for Dwarfs in Holiness."

## He Tried a Circumlocution.

It was 11.30, but the day was not over. The man could not find a word to say. He tried a circumlocution.

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## A Family Dispute.

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The boy may live to be 80, but the poor horse for want of a blanket in the stable has to die at 20.

FREE—Get from your dealer free, the 5/A Book. It has handsome pictures and valuable information about horses.

Two or three dollars for a 5/A Horse Blanket will make your horse worth more and eat less to keep warm.

30 other styles at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us.

5/A Five Mile 5/A Boss Stable 5/A Electric 5/A Extra Test

ARE THE STRONGEST. NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL.

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